

Prítomný priebuhový čas

Prítomný priebuhový čas používame na vyjadrenie dejov, ktoré sa dejú:

práve teraz (Rozprávam: I am talking.)

približne teraz (Čítam zaujímavú knihu: I am reading an interesting book. Nečítam knihu teraz, ale mám ju rozčítanú.)

v blízkej budúcnosti (Dnes večer idem za kamarátmi: I am meeting my friends tonight.)

minulosť



prítomnosť



I am doing

am / is / are + ...ing

1. Oznamovacie vety - kladné

I **am meeting** my friends tonight.
You **are meeting** your friends tonight.
He / She **is meeting** his / her friends tonight.

We **are meeting** our friends tonight.
You **are meeting** your friends tonight.
They **are meeting** their friends tonight.

2. Oznamovacie vety – záporné

I **am not meeting** my friends tonight.
You **aren't meeting** your friends tonight.
He / She **isn't meeting** his / her friends tonight.

We **aren't meeting** our friends tonight.
You **aren't meeting** your friends tonight.
They **aren't meeting** their friends tonight.

3. Otázky typu „Yes / No“, na ktoré odpovedáme „Áno / Nie“

Am I **meeting** my friends tonight?
Are you **meeting** your friends tonight?
Is he / she **meeting** his / her friends tonight?

Are we **meeting** our friends tonight?
Are you **meeting** your friends tonight?
Are they **meeting** their friends tonight?

Yes, I **am**. / No, I **am not**.
Yes, he **is**. / No, he **isn't**.

4. Otázky typu „Wh” - s použitím opytovacieho slova

When am I **meeting** my friends?

When are you **meeting** your friends?

When is he / she **meeting** his / her friends?

When are we **meeting** our friends?

When are you **meeting** your friends?

When are they **meeting** their friends?

I **am meeting** them tonight.

Tonight.

Pravidlá pridávania koncovky -ing

1. Väčšina slovies len mechanicky priberá koncovku „-ing”

wear **wearing**

go **going**

hold **holding**

2. Ak sloveso končí na „e”, túto hlásku vypustíme a pridáme „-ing”

write **writing**

smile **smiling**

take **taking**

3. Ak je sloveso jednoslabičné a končí na spoluhlásku, pred ktorou je samohláska, posledná spoluhláska je zdvojená a následne je k slovesu pridaná prípona „-ing”

sit **sitting**

get **getting**

run **running**